Is your adviser really an expert in your needs?

Many financial advisers call themselves senior experts to gain your trust, but not all have your best interests at heart or the right kind of training to serve you well.

Insurance agents, brokers, financial planners, and other financial professionals sometimes have titles like “retirement adviser” and “senior specialist.” There are dozens of similar-sounding titles that imply expertise in senior needs.

However, special titles don’t always mean someone is qualified to help you manage your money. It’s up to you to find out what the titles mean, and to check on the qualifications of the person offering you advice.

Important questions

Does the title or certification your adviser uses require college-level coursework?

Yes ✅ That’s good. Senior experts train in complex topics like estate planning, income tax laws, and investments.

No ✗ It can be harder to know if your adviser was well-trained.
Can you file a complaint if you have a problem with your financial adviser?

Yes ☑️ Training and education alone don’t ensure ethical behavior. Organizations that grant senior financial credentials should make it easy for you to check your adviser’s complaint history and file a complaint if necessary.

No ☐️ If the organization granting the credential doesn’t take complaints and share adviser history, how do you know if advisers follow the rules?

Is the credential from an accredited organization?

Yes ☑️ This is a good sign. This means the organization has taken important steps to ensure the quality of its training program.

No ☐️ Beware. This is a sign that you should take a closer look at the certification.

Do you know how your financial adviser is paid?

Yes ☑️ Some advisers earn commission fees for selling you financial products or investments, while others charge an hourly fee or flat rate.

No ☐️ If you aren’t sure, ask your adviser to explain the fees and put them in writing so you know all your costs.

Is your financial adviser working in your best interest?

Yes ☑️ If you aren’t sure, ask your adviser to put in writing any potential conflicts of interest including any situations in which your adviser will not be acting in your best interest.

No ☐️ Consider working only with advisers who will tell you in writing about any potential conflicts of interests. Make sure that you are comfortable with any conflicts.
Have you been invited to an investment seminar?

Any time you see a retirement or senior seminar advertised as “educational” or as a “workshop,” beware. The true goal may be to sell investment, insurance, or financial products at the seminar or in follow-up calls.

Watch out for freebies
Financial salespeople may use freebies like lunch and dinner invitations, golf trips, and country club outings to get you to come to marketing and sales events. They give you something knowing you’ll be more likely to give them something in return.

Watch out for high-pressure sales tactics
You may be asked to make a quick investment decision, or be warned that “opportunities are limited.” Don’t fall for these schemes. Good financial advisers won’t rush you because it takes time to make good investment decisions.

Watch out for exaggerated claims
If you are told about investments that make a lot of money without much risk, don’t believe it. If you think an adviser made exaggerated or unrealistic claims about investment risk or returns, report this to your state securities or insurance regulator.

Check your adviser’s background
Before hiring a financial adviser, it’s a good idea to ask for references and get a background report. If a financial adviser is regulated by state or federal government, you can check the status of his or her license, and find information about professional history using these online resources:

- FINRA Broker Check
  finra.org

- SEC Investment Advisor Public Disclosure Database
  adviserinfo.sec.gov

- Your state insurance regulator
  naic.org

- Your state securities regulator
  nasaa.org

- FINRA Professional Designations and Organizations Locator
  apps.finra.org/DataDirectory/1/prodesignations.aspx

- For helpful tools and good information on investing
  investor.gov
Resources

Ask CFPB  
cconsumerfinance.gov/askcfpb

Tell your story  
cconsumerfinance.gov/app/tellyourstory

Download and request publications  
promotions.usa.gov/cfpbpubs.html

Blog  
cconsumerfinance.gov/blogcategory/older-americans

Email  
OlderAmericans@cfpb.gov

For more information, visit the Office for Older Americans on the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau website at consumerfinance.gov.